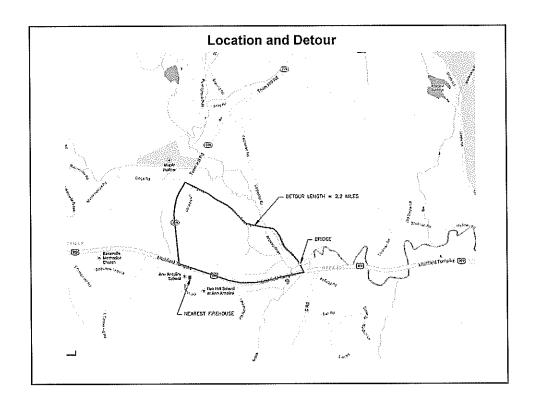
# Town of New Hartford Carpenter Road Bridge Over Nepaug River

# **Technical Presentation**

David N. Battista, P.E. Lenard Engineering, Inc.

November 19. 2013

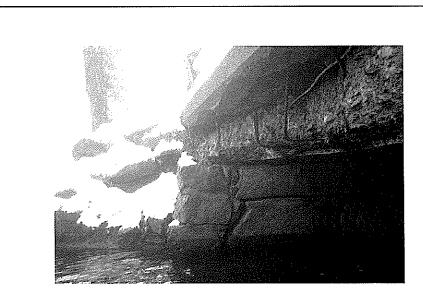


### Routine Inspection – January 2013

- · Poor, potentially unsafe condition
- Failing, inadequate bridge railings
- Structural deterioration of bridge deck
- Abutments: Fair to good condition
- Scour hole observed just downstream
- Soil loss observed (behind abutments)
- Narrow width (1.5 lanes)
- · Subject to chronic flooding
- Explained options for improvements
- Recommended temporary safety measures



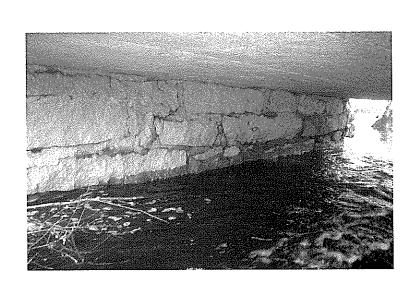
January 2013



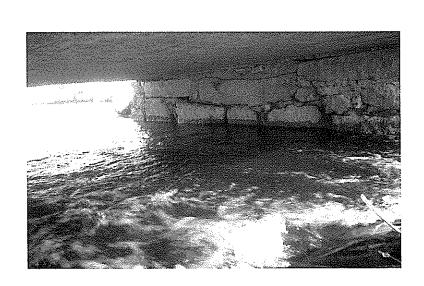
January 2013



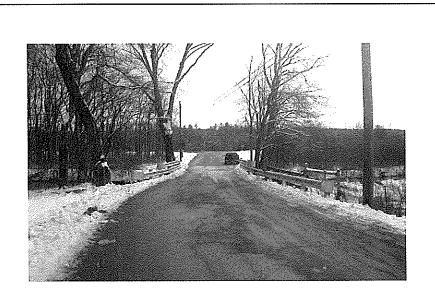
January 2013



January 2013



January 2013



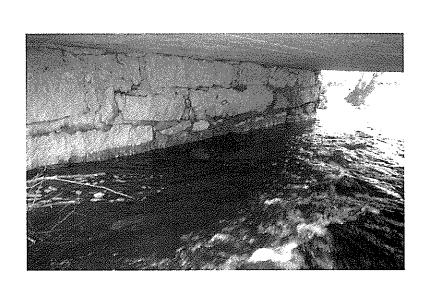
January 2013

### Cost Evaluation - March 2013

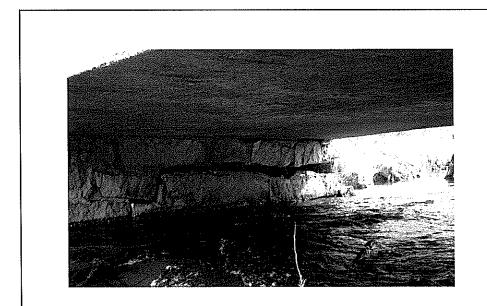
- Steel Bridge Deck Kit (\$204,000) 40 Years
- Box Culvert (\$582,000) 75 Years
- Integral Bridge (\$656,000) 75 Years
- Con Span Concrete Arch (\$849,000) 75 Years

# Modest Flood – March 12, 2013

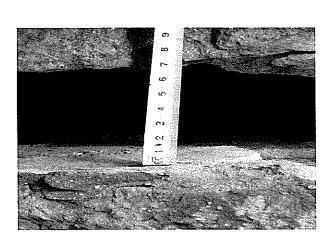
- Sink holes formed on backfill sides of the abutments
- Northerly abutment dropped 7 inches
- Problem discovered March 18<sup>th</sup> by Town Road Crew



January 2013



March 2013



March 2013



Post-storm damage



Current condition - November 2013

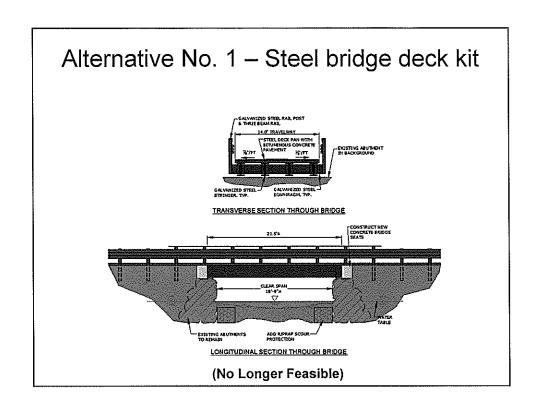
### **Decision to Close Road**

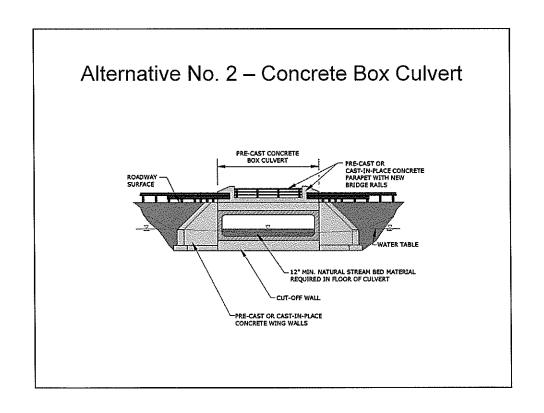
- Following discovery of problems, LEI inspected bridge March 18<sup>th</sup>
- Issued immediate verbal recommendation to close bridge
- Written recommendation to close bridge issued March 25th

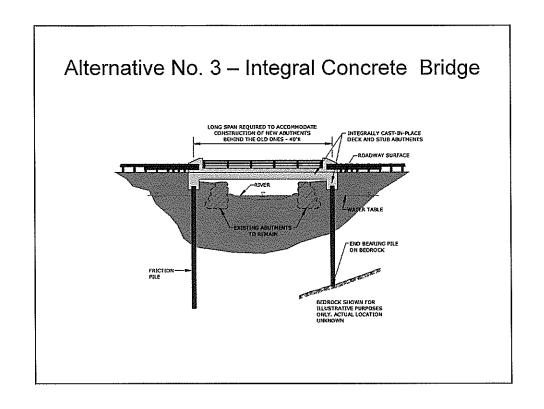
# Progress – Spring and Summer 2013

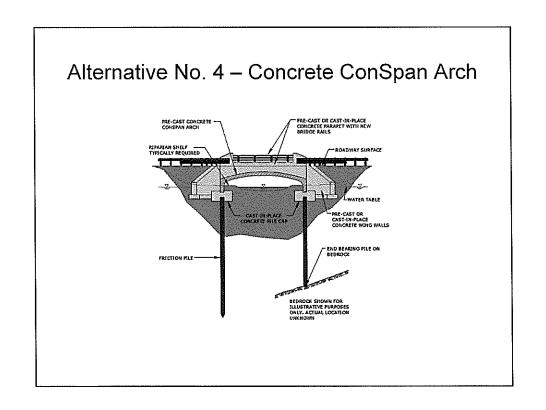
- · Notified Board of Selectmen and Board of Finance
- · Obtained preliminary funding during budget process
- · Topographic survey
- Wetland delineation
- · Soil borings/geotechnical investigation
- Initiated environmental review (Pearl Shelled Mussel, et. al.)
- Added structure to State's List of Municipal Bridges
- · Began work on hydraulic analysis
- Evaluated cul-de-sac & footbridge alternative

# **Summary of Alternatives**

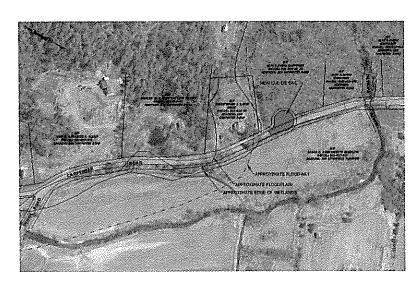




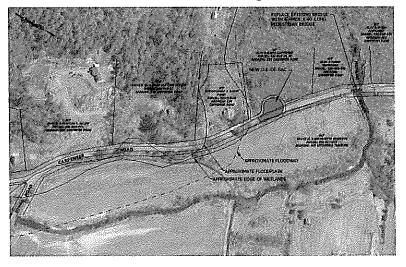




# Alternative No. 5 – Remove Bridge Permanently



### Alternative No. 6 – Remove highway bridge; Build foot bridge



# Comparison of Alternatives

		Con	tq	rison of Alleri <i>Note: All ma</i>		ves - Carpent values are ro					er —	itemative 6 Cut-de-sac with					
	£	ternative 1	Δ	Itemative 2	ā	itemative 3	A	llemative 4	A	iternative 5	ΔU	emative 6					
		fiew efabricated el Bridge Kit		ew Pre-Cast Concrete Sox Culvert		ew Integral Concrete Bridge	ļ	w Pre-Cast Concrete n\$pan Arch		Cul-de-sac Foot Bridge		with					
Number of Traffic Lanes		One		Two		Two		Two		Zero		Two Low 50 Years \$ 54,000					
Risk of Scour Damage J Possible Failure		Moderate		Low		Low		Low	IVA		Law						
Ule Expectancy	١.	45 Years <sup>rg</sup>		75 Years		75 Years		76 Years		Indefinite		60 Years					
Pretiminary Engineering Services (Design, Permitting, & Bidding)	s	26,000	\$	45,000	s	65,000	\$	65,000	s	30,000	s	64,000					
Construction Cos	\$	132,000	\$	397,000	s	432,000	s	681,000	s	152,000	\$	272,000					
Estimating Contingency (Altowance: 20% of Construction Cost)		26,060	\$	79,000	s	86,000	s	116,000	,	38,000	5	54,000					
Operating Contingency (Allowance: 10% of Construction Cost)		13,600	s	40,600	\$	43,000	s	58,000	s	15,000	s	27,000					
Construction Engineering Service: Allowanco: 18% of Construction Cost + Contingencies		17,000	\$	62,000	s	56,000	ş	76,000	s	20,000	,	35,000					
Material Testing Allowance (Allowance varies, depending on type of construction)		4,000	s	13,000	ļ,	22,600	,	19,000	,	5,000	s	9,000					

1) Alternative No. 1 eliminated due to failure of existing abutment.

### Recommendations

Replace the existing bridge with a modern structure

-or-

• Eliminate the bridge and construct a cul-de-sac

State and federal land-use regulators prefer open-bottom structures (Alternative \$3, \$4) to box culverts
(Alternative \$3). The Young could expedite the permit precess by selecting Alternative \$3 or \$5 over
Alternative \$2, The Young believe and

### Replace the Bridge

- Pursue Alternative No. 2 Box Culvert with regulatory agencies
- Fall back on Alternative No. 3 Integral Concrete Bridge if required by regulatory agencies
- Anticipate project expenditure of \$704,000
- Pursue Local Bridge Program Funding (47.48% Grant) (Now in process.)
- Local Bridge Funding for Fiscal Year 2013-2014 already committed to other projects
- Local Bridge Funding for Fiscal Year 2014-2015 has not been allocated by the Connecticut Legislature
- · Town Meeting approval required

### Eliminate the Bridge

- · Remove the existing bridge, fortify the area of removal
- Build a cul-de-sac on North side
- · Property acquisition required
- Anticipate complications during the permit process (new cul-de-sac will be located in a regulatory floodway)
- Anticipate a minimum project cost of \$252,000 (excludes cost of property acquisition)
- Alternate: Add Footbridge Additional cost of at least \$200,000
- Connecticut Local Bridge Program funding (if available) may apply to certain bridge removal costs
- Town Meeting approval required

# Permits and Authorizations Required

- Planning Commission Approval per CGS 8-24
- · Wetland Commission Approval
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (CT PGP or Individual Permit)
- CT DEEP Section 401 Water Quality Certificate
- CT DEEP IWRD Diversion Permit (Possible)

# Will bridge replacement cure chronic flooding problems?

- No!
- There will be no change in the depth or frequency of flooding
- Cost to correct chronic flooding will run in the millions of dollars

# Comparison of Alternatives

Budget Recommendation: \$	Material Testing Allowance (Allowance varies, depending on type of construction)	Construction Engineering Services (Allowance: 10% of Construction Cost + Contingencies)	Operating Contingency (Allowance: 10% of Construction Cost)	Estimating Contingency (Allowance: 20% of Construction Cost)	Construction Cost	Preliminary Engineering Services (Design, Permitting, & Bidding)	Life Expectancy	Risk of Scour Damage / Possible Failure	Number of Traffic Lanes		
\$ 218,000 \$	\$ 4,000	\$ 17,000	\$ 13,000	\$ 26,000	\$ 132,000	\$ 26,000	45 Years <sup>(1)</sup>	Moderate	One	Alternative 1 New Prefabricated Steel Bridge Kit	
s	\$	\$	\$	49	·s	\$				mpa × iA	
626,000 \$	13,000 \$	52,000	40,000	79,000	397,000 \$	45,000	75 Years	Low	Two	Comparison of Alternatives - Carpenter Road Bridge over Nepaug River  Note: All matrix values are rounded to the nearest \$1,000  Alternative 2 Alternative 3 Alternative 4 Alternative 5  New Pre-Cast New Integral Concrete Concrete Concrete Bridge ConSpan Arch Foot Bridge	
<b>€</b>	€,	4n	49	↔	40	↔				nativ	
704,000 \$	22,000	56,000	43,000	86,000	432,000	65,000	75 Years	Low	Two	itives - Carpen ix values are ro Alternative 3 New Integral Concrete Bridge	
€9	\$	₩	49	υ	40	¢,				Alt Nex	
915,000	19,000	76,000	58,000	116,000	581,000	65,000	75 Years	Low	Two	r Road Bridge  inded to the nea  Alternative 4  New Pre-Cast  Concrete  Conspan Arch	
€	49	€r)	40	49	40	w	=			over	
252,000	5,000	20,000	15,000	30,000	152,000	30,000	Indefinite	N/A	Zero	over Nepaug Riv rest \$1,000 Alternative 5 Cul-de-sac No Foot Bridge	
€#	·s	£/r	4n	છ	¢,	€#	<u></u>			Alte	
451,000	9,000	35,000	27,000	54,000	272,000	54,000	50 Years	Low	Two	Alternative 6 Cul-de-sac with Footbridge	

<sup>1)</sup> Alternative No. 1 eliminated due to failure of existing abutment.

<sup>2)</sup> State and federal land-use regulators prefer open-bottom structures (Alterntives #3, #4) to box culverts (Alternative #2). The Town could expedite the permit preocess by selecting Alternative #3 or #5 over Alternative #2, desipite the higher cost.